HUNGER-FULLNESS SCALE



Use this hunger scale to understand if you're feeling physiological hunger or a desire to eat. Stick to the green numbers. Eat at a 4 and stop eating when you get to a 7.

- PAINFULLY HUNGRY. Faint and irritable. You're so hungry you will eat anything.
- **VERY HUNGRY.** Feeling cranky and tired. You can't ignore your hunger
- HUNGRY. Stomach growling and hunger pangs. Healthy choices become more difficult.
- SLIGHTLY EMPTY STOMACH. Fist signals of hunger. Time to make good choices!!
- NEUTRAL. Neither hungry nor full.
- **ALMOST FULL.** Satisfied but could easily have more bites.
- **TOTALLY SATISFIED.** Hunger is gone and can wait 3 to 4 hours to eat again.
- **VERY FULL.** Probably ate a few bites beyond fullness.
- **STUFFED.** Feeling stuffed and uncomfortable.
- PAINFULLY FULL. Overstuffed & feeling nauseous.

UNDERSTAND YOUR HUNGER - STEP BY STEP



- 1.
- Whenever you feel like eating, look at the hunger scale and try to understand where you are. Try to stick to the green numbers (4-7) all day between, before, during and after meals.
- 2.
- Eat when you reach a 4, at this point you are still able of making good and healthy food choices. Prepare a complete meal with protein, fat, starchy carbs, non-starchy carbs, fiber, vitamin and minerals.
- 3.

Enjoy your meal without distractions. Feel your body gradually going from a state of hunger to a state of complete satisfaction - top eating when you get to a 7.

AVOID

- Going below 4 on the hunger scale here your body will ask for a quick energy fix and make you crave foods packed with sugar, fat and calories. At this point, it will be harder to make good choices.
- Going beyond 7 on the hunger scale you'll eat beyond your needs and might end up feeling sluggish, having trouble concentrating and gastrointestinal discomfort.

IF...

you find yourself thinking about or looking for food when you don't feel hungry (from 5 to 10), there might be other reasons for that desire to eat. It's important to tackle these reasons, so you can create strategies to deal with them, without relying on food. **Some common reasons for cravings are:**

REASON	SOLUTIONS / OTHER COPING MECHANISMS
stress	exercising, meditation, talking with friends or family members, taking a walk, taking a shower, organize your schedule, put your worries in a piece of paper
diets and restrictions	ditching the diet mentality, make healthy swaps (ex. chips for popcorns)
poor diet	a bad diet poor in essential nutrients can trigger cravings - make sure your diet gives you enough protein, fiber, good fats, carbs, vitamins and minerals
dehydration	drink your water - herbal tea, fruit infusions, foods rich in water (soup, fresh fruits)
boredom	occupy your time with distracting, productive and meaningful activities
tiredness / lack of sleep	sleep deprivation increses cravings so make sure you always sleep 6-8h per night